Direct Laser writing based surface texturing for enhanced adhesion between zirconia (3Y-TZP) and resin-matrix cement

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Objective: To evaluate the influence of short-pulse laser (SPL) surface texturing of 3 mol% Yettria-tetragonal zirconia polycrystalline (3Y-TZP) on shear bond strength with resinmatrix cements.

Methods: Zirconia (3Y-TZP) green compacts received two SPL patterns: LD35 - Squared pattern lines 35 µm spacing (0.6 W,128 mm/s); LD10 - Squared pattern lines 10 µm spacing (0.06 W,256 mm/s) and sintered zirconia samples received two treatments: SB - controlled blasting of alumina particles (Al₂O₃); SC - controlled blasting of silica (SiO₂) coated alumina particles. Surface energy, surface roughness, wettability (contact angle: water (H₂O); Diiodomethane (CH₂I₂)) is evaluated for each group (n = 12/group). Treated samples from all groups were ultrasonically cleaned and cemented to resin-matrix cement using primers. The cylindrical shape cements bonded at the center of 3Y-TZP samples were either stored for 24 h at 37° C or thermocycled (5-55 ° C, 6000 cycles) and shear bond strength (SBS) was performed lowest and highest contact angle (water) was produced by SC (27.30 \pm 4.66) and SB (61.44 \pm 2.97) respectively. Similarly the lowest and highest contact angle (Diiodomethane) was produced by LD10 (26.93 \pm 2.85) and SC (36.76 \pm 0.27) respectively. Surface free energy was highest for SC (65.30 \pm 2.06) and lowest for SB (56.15 \pm 1.19). The two lasers groups: LD10 (9.16 ± 1.55) and LD35 (8.89 ± 2.18) produced higher SBS than SC (6.46 ± 1.84) group. The highest SBS was produced by SB (9.69 ± 3.93) however the highest error was also incurred in this group. Thermocycling (TC) reduced the SBS of all groups. The highest SBS after TC was shown by LD35 (8.49 ± 2.02) and the lowest by SB (5.97 ± 2.43). The reduction in SBS was significant in SB and both laser groups retained higher SBS than SB and SC, there was an increase of SBS in SC group after TC.